Agenda – 11/8

Please turn in your half sheet debrief questions. HW: reading! You'll get your essays back on Monday!

Today:

- Meme extra credit! © Due TUESDAY, Nov 19
- Recap Middle Ages in Europe (PIECES chart!)
- Struggles between serfs, lords, and kings...
- King John decision game, and the signing of the Magna Carta



In your group you need to consider how King John should react to various situations.

Record your decisions on your sheet – you will later get a score for each answer

Your aims as king are:

- 1. Always appear to be strong and powerful
- 2. Stop other rulers stealing your land or interfering in your rule
- 3. Keep the Empire together lose no land
- 4. Keep the barons on your side you need them to fight for you and pay taxes
- 5. Keep your promises so people trust you

ROUND ONE

- It is 1199. Your brother Richard has just died. Arthur your 12 year old nephew says he should be king. He is supported by most of the barons of the Empire in France, and by the King of France. You are supported by the barons in Normandy and England. Do you:
- a. Agree to share the Empire with Arthur
- b. Have yourself crowned king and then meet Arthur to discuss an agreement
- c. Have yourself crowned king and then go to war against Arthur and France

- Arthur allied with the king of France against you. You capture him. He is only 14, but he has just led an army against you. What should you do with him?
- a. Make him promise to be loyal to you and then set him free
- b. Keep him prisoner
- c. Secretly execute him

Decision 3

You have lost the war against France and so lost all your lands in France. What will you do about this?

- a. Accept this defeat and give up hope of having an Empire like your brother and father
- b. Discuss the problem with your barons and accept their suggestions
- c. Plan to win the lands back whether the barons support you or not

Decision 4

You need money to pay soldiers to fight for you. How do you raise money?

- a. Ask the barons about how much tax they will pay
- b. Double the amount of tax paid by landowners when they inherit land
- c. Make the tax paid when land is inherited ten times what it used to be – or even more if you can get away with it.

SCORING BREAK

DECISION 1

Your brother, king Richard, has died. Arthur, your 12-year-old nephew, says he should be king. He is supported by the barons in Brittany, Anjou and Poitou and by Philip Augustus, the King of France. You are supported by the barons in England and Normandy. Do you

- a. agree to share the empire with Arthur
- b. have yourself crowned king and then meet Arthur to discuss an agreement
- c. have yourself crowned king and then go to war against Arthur and France
- a. Lose 2 crowns what a weak choice!
- b. Lose 1 crown not quite as bad as (a)
- c. Gain 1 crown good choice makes you look strong

DECISION 2

Arthur allied with the king of France against you. You capture him. He is only 14, but he has just led an army against you. What should you do with him?

- a. Make him promise to be loyal to you and then set him free
- b. Keep him prisoner
- c. Secretly execute him
- a. Lose 3 crowns are you mad to set him free?
- b. Gain 1 crown make sure he can't escape
- c. Lose 1 crown executing him means he won't be a problem – but will people ever trust you again?

Decision 3:

- You have lost the war against France and so lost all your lands in France. What will you do about this?
- a. Accept this defeat and give up hope of having an Empire like your brother and father
- b. Discuss the problem with your barons and accept their suggestions
- c. Plan to win the lands back whether the barons support you or not

- a. Lose 2 crowns you would look like a weak failure!
- b. Gain 1 crown it's your best chance
- c. Lose 1 crown you can't win without barons' support

Decision 4:

You need money to pay soldiers to fight for you. How do you raise money?

- a. Ask the barons about how much tax they will pay
- b. Double the amount of tax paid by landowners when they inherit land
- c. Make the tax paid when land is inherited ten times what it used to be or even more if you can get away with it.

- a. Gain 1 crown you really must consult the barons about tax
- b. Lose 1 crown everyone will hate double taxes
- c. Lose 2 crowns Everyone will be furious

ROUND TWO

- The Archbishop of Canterbury has just died. The monks at Canterbury have chosen who they want to be the next archbishop. In the past, the king has been able to choose the Archbishop. What do you do?
- a. Accept the man the monks want
- b. Make your own choice and force the monks to accept your man
- c. Ask the Pope to make an arrangement

- The Pope chooses Stephen Langton to be next archbishop. He says you must accept Langton or he will close down all churches in England
- a. Refuse to accept Langton because the Pope has no right to interfere in your reign
- b. Accept the Pope's choice because Langton will be a good Archbishop

- You are just about to invade Wales when you hear that some of your barons are planning to murder you. What do you do?
- a. Order the rebellious barons to send their sons as hostages and carry on with the invasion. Then tell the barons you will kill their sons if they carry on rebelling
- b. Abandon your invasion and deal with the problem of the barons instead

Decision 8

You are still worried about rumors of rebellions and plots among your barons. What do you do?

- a. Agree to discuss the way you are ruling the country with the barons
- b. Bring in foreign advisers and soldiers you can trust. Give them castles and important lands to keep them loyal.

SCORING BREAK

Decision 5:

- The Archbishop of Canterbury has just died. The monks at Canterbury have chosen who they want to be the next archbishop. In the past, the king has been able to choose the Archbishop. What do you do?
- a. Accept the man the monks want
- b. Make your own choice and force the monks to accept your man
- c. Ask the Pope to make an arrangement

- a. Gain 1 crown you will look a bit weak, but it won't cause any further problems
- b. Gain 1 crown a bit risky but you'll probably get away with it
- c. Lose 1 crown it looks as though you're giving power away to the Pope

Decision 6:

- The Pope chooses Stephen Langton to be next archbishop. He says you must accept Langton or he will close down all churches in England
- a. Refuse to accept Langton because the Pope has no right to interfere in your reign
- b. Accept the Pope's choice because Langton will be a good Archbishop

- a. Lose 2 crowns you really don't need another problem right now
- b. Gain 1 crown at least it keeps the Pope on your side

Decision 7:

- You are just about to invade Wales when you hear that some of your barons are planning to murder you. What do you do?
- a. Order the rebellious barons to send their sons as hostages and carry on with the invasion. Then tell the barons you will kill their sons if they carry on rebelling
- b. Abandon your invasion and deal with the problem of the barons instead
- a. Lose 1 crown you look strong, but no one will ever trust you and they'll hate you even more than they do now!
- b. Gain 1 crown it looks a little weak but it's more important to deal with the threat from the barons

Decision 8:

You are still worried about rumours of rebellions and plots among your barons. What do you do?

- a. Agree to discuss the way you are ruling the country with the barons
- b. Bring in foreign advisers and soldiers you can trust. Give them castles and important lands to keep them loyal.

- a. Gain 1 crown a difficult choice but you might be able to reduce the opposition!
- b. Lose 2 crowns bringing in more foreigners will increase people's distrust

ROUND THREE

- You want to invade France to win back some of the land you lost. The barons will not support you. They also will not pay scutage a tax paid by lords who did not want to fight themselves
- a. Threaten the barons who won't fight or pay with really harsh punishment
- b. Abandon the plans to invade France

- You invaded France, but the French troops defeated your army in battle. The barons are still complaining about high taxes, foreign advisers and the way you run the country. There are still no church services in England and the Pope is threatening to help the French King The Pope suggests a peace agreement if you accept Langton. What will you do?
- a. Agree reluctantly to the agreement
- b. Refuse the pope's offer

- The King of France is threatening to invade England and some of the barons might help him. They want you to lower taxes, get rid of foreign advisers and soldiers, and agree to consult them about how to govern. What do you do?
- a. Agree reluctantly with them
- b. Tell them you were chosen by God and can do whatever you want.

- You agree to Magna Carta only because you were forced to. Now the barons are having their own discussions. What do you do?
- a. Hold meetings to get the barons to work together in the hope that they will help you win back land in France
- b. Build up your army to attack the rebel barons and put an end to Magna Carta

SCORING BREAK

Decision 9:

- You want to invade France to win back some of the land you lost. The barons will not support you. They also will not pay scutage a tax paid by lords who did not want to fight themselves
- a. Threaten the barons who won't fight or pay with really harsh punishment
- b. Abandon the plans to invade France

- a. Lose 3 crowns do you really want the barons to rebel that's what will happen!
- b. Gain 1 crown you have so many problems you will have to forget about France for now

Decision 10:

You invaded France, but the French troops defeated your army in battle. The barons are still complaining about high taxes, foreign advisers and the way you run the country. There are still no church services in England and the Pope is threatening to help the French King. The Pope suggests a peace agreement if you accept Langton. What will you do?

- a. Agree reluctantly to the agreement
- b. Refuse the pope's offer
- a. Gain 1 crown at least that gets the Pope on your side!
- b. Lose 2 crowns refuse the Pope's offer? you're in big trouble now!

Decision 11:

- The King of France is threatening to invade England and some of the barons might help him. They want you to lower taxes, get rid of foreign advisers and soldiers, and agree to consult them about how to govern. What do you do?
- a. Agree reluctantly with them
- b. Tell them you were chosen by God and can do whatever you want.

- a. Gain 1 crown you really don't have any choice!
- b. Lose 2 crowns there will be a civil war!

Decision 12:

- You agree to Magna Carta only because you were forced to. Now the barons are having their own discussions. What do you do?
- a. Hold meetings to get the barons to work together in the hope that they will help you win back land in France
- b. Build up your army to attack the rebel barons and put an end to Magna Carta

- a. Gain 1 crown you must try to stop the barons attacking you
- b. Lose 2 crowns the barons will now get rid of you permanently!

As a group, discuss the following...

What were some of King John's problems? What did he choose to do?

Why did his decisions cause problems with the barons?

What were the qualities expected of a medieval king? Which did John possess?

MAGNA CARTA

- 1) Read the excerpts from the Magna Carta
 - **Discuss**: do you see any similarities between this and the Constitution?
- 2) Write a group SAQ that answers:
- Identify and explain one significance of the Magna Carta.